

## MODULE HANDBOOK

	<b>UNIVERSITAS PADJADJARAN</b> <b>FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES</b> <b>BACHELOR OF BIOLOGY PROGRAMME</b>	<b>COURSE CODE</b> <b>D10D- 602011</b>
<b>Module designation</b>	Ornithology	
<b>Semester(s) in which the module is taught</b>	6	
<b>Person(s) responsible for the module</b>	1. Prof Johan Iskandar, M.Sc.Ph.D 2. Dr. Susanti Withaningsih	
<b>Medium of instruction</b>	Indonesian	
<b>Relation to curriculum</b>	Elective course	
<b>Teaching methods</b>	Lectures, discussions, cooperative learning, and inquiry learning	
<b>Workload</b>	Total workload : 5440 minutes = 90.67 hours Lectures, discussions, cooperative learning, and inquiry learning : 2 x 50 minutes x 16 weeks = 1600 minutes = 26.67 hours Exercises : 2 x 60 minutes x 16 weeks = 1920 minutes = 32 hours Self-study : 2 x 60 minutes x 16 weeks = 1920 minutes = 32 hours	
<b>Credit points</b>	2.00 (3,62 ECTS)	
<b>Required and recommended prerequisites for joining the module</b>	-	
<b>Module objectives/intended learning outcomes</b>	1. Understand the scope of ornithology and the diversity of bird species 2. Understand bird ecology including population, habitat, home range, territorial and migration. 3. Explain the ecological, economic, and socio-cultural functions of bird populations. 4. Know the disturbances and conservation techniques in bird populations 5. Know the methods in bird research	
<b>Contents</b>	This course provides knowledge and understanding of ornithology, which includes the basics of ornithology, the diversity of bird species and bird ecology, the function of birds for ecology and socio-economic human culture, disturbance to human life. socio-economic human culture, disturbance to the life of bird life, bird research methods, bird conservation, birdwatching activities, bird monitoring in nature birdwatching, bird monitoring in nature.	
<b>Examination forms</b>	Quiz, midterm exam, assignment, and final exam	
<b>Study and examination requirements</b>	The minimum attendance in lectures is 80%. The final grade is evaluated based on Assignments (30%), UTS (35%), and UAS (35%).	
<b>Reading lists</b>	1. Pettingill, O.S. 1970. Ornithology: in Laboratory and Field. Minneapolis: Burgess Publishing Company. 2. Hoogerwerf, 1948. Distribution of Birds in Java. Treubia 19: 116-127. 3. Sujatnika, P. Jepson, T.R. Soeharto, M.J.Crosby, A. Mardiastuti, 1995. Melestarikan Keanekaragaman Hayati Indonesia Pendekatan Daerah Burung Endemik. Bogor: PHPA/Bird Life 4. Iskandar, J. 2015. Keanekaan Hayati Jenis Binatang: Manfaat Ekologi Bagi Manusia. Graha Ilmu, Yogyakarta. 5. Sukamtoro, W. dkk, 2007. Daftar Burung Indonesia No.2. Bogor: IdOU dan PILI-NGO Movement. 6. Howes, J. dkk, 2003. Panduan Studi Burung Pantai. Bogor: Wetlands International. 7. Iskandar, J. 1980. Penelitian Ekologi Burung di Beberapa Pedesaan di DAS Citarum. Bandung: Skripsi Fmipa Unpad. 8. Iskandar, J.1982. Hobi Mengamati Burung di Alam. Bandung: Penerbit Karya Darma.	

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|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>9. Kovac, M.(ed), 1992. Biological Indicators in EnvironmentalProtection. Budapest: Akademi Kiado.</li><li>10. Iskandar, J. 2017. Ornitologi Dan Etnoornitologi. Plantaxia,Yogyakarta</li><li>11. Iskandar, J. 2020. Etnoornitologi: Nama-Nama Lokal Jenis-Jenis Burung Di Indonesia. Innosain, Yogyakarta.</li></ul> |
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